

Tempe Aviation Commission

IGA Monitoring Report

Month:

January 2004

Prepared by:

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1. Introduction

This report is prepared by TAVCO to monitor the compliance of operations at Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport with certain noise mitigation flight procedures over the City of Tempe. The Tempe Aviation Commission (TAVCO) consists of Tempe residents selected by the Tempe Mayor and City Council to assist and advise on aviation issues. The City of Tempe is located directly east of the Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport in Phoenix, which has 3 parallel runways, Runway 8/26, Runway 7L/25R and Runway 7R/25L.

In 1994 the City of Phoenix and the City of Tempe agreed to continue noise mitigation flight procedures already in use over Tempe and to introduce a new procedure for aircraft arriving over Tempe to the new third runway (7R/25L) at Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport from the east. Tempe had prior to the agreement challenged the plans for the construction of a third runway because of inadequate assessment of the environmental impacts.

a) The 4-DME procedure

The 1993 Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)

According to the EIS, which among other planned improvements included the construction of a third runway, departures to the east from the new runway would follow the so-called "One-DME" Standard Instrument Departure procedure (SID) similar to the SID already in use by aircraft departing to the east from the airport¹.

The 1994 Record of Decision

The continued use of the "One-DME" procedure was also stated in the Record of Decision (ROD) where the FAA approved the plans for a third runway. When Phoenix and Tempe signed the Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) on noise mitigation flight procedures over Tempe, the FAA reaffirmed its commitment to uphold these procedures. The "One-DME procedure" became the "4-DME procedure" when a navigational aid (VORTAC) was moved.

Standard Instrument Departure Procedure (SID)



North Runway 8L (Now 8): "Fly heading 085° to intercept PHX-075, across PXR R-350 at or below 3,000'. At 4 DME east of PHX VORTAC, turn right/left"
Center Runway 8R (Now 7L): " Fly direct PHX VORTAC, cross PHR at or below 3,000'. Proceed via PHX R-075 to 4 DME east, turn right/left" (FAA SW-1 of August 10, 2000)

Measure for Departure Procedure Compliance

Based on the 4-DME Standard Instrument Departure procedure (SID) TAVCO proposed a corridor along the Salt River to measure how commercial jet aircraft and large turboprop aircraft² complied with the "4-DME procedure" using the Noise and Flight Track Monitoring System that the airport had agreed to install. This proposal was adopted by the Tempe City Council, but was rejected by the City of Phoenix. The airport use a vertical line to measure compliance of jet departures called the "4-DME Gate" or the "Exit Window Only Gate", which is a 5,500 feet long imaginary line running

¹ Source: Final Environmental Impact Statement Phoenix sky Harbor International Airport Master Plan Update Improvements, November 1993, Section 5.

² Aircraft certified and operated according to Title 14 FAR Part 121 or 135 with gross weight exceeding 12,500 pounds.

north south at 4-DME or approximately at Price Road. Turns by carrier jets north or south away from the Salt riverbed before reaching this line, or failures to stay inside the north or south end of this line are registered and in a compiled format submitted to the airlines in a "Notice of Deviation" letter by the airport. Deviations influenced by local weather conditions are excluded from the notification procedure.

This report compares departure compliance using the Tempe Corridor and the Phoenix "4-DME Gate" or "Exit Window Only Gate", and includes large turboprop aircraft because they are part of the 1994 agreement. Since the implementation of the "4-DME Gate" deviation standard for large carriers in 1997, the main issue of concern has been how well these aircraft on departure from Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport to the east keep to the Salt riverbed and avoid flying over populated areas in Tempe.

b) The "Side Step" procedure

This is a noise mitigating procedure for jets and large turboprop aircraft that approach Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport from the east to land on the new south runway, Runway 25L. Aircraft are directed to approach the center runway, Runway 25R, until they are 3 NM from the runway end or abeam Sun Devil Stadium at Mill Avenue in Tempe. At this point the pilot can be requested by the Phoenix Air Traffic Control to change the approach course to land on Runway 25L. When the pilot directs the aircraft from a stabilized approach to the Runway 25R towards the left and line up for landing on Runway 25L, the pilot performs a "side step procedure". This procedure is designed to keep large aircraft approaches over the river bed as long as possible before they close in towards neighborhoods in downtown Tempe south of the riverbed.



No measure has been set up in the airport Noise and Flight Track Monitoring System to monitor the use of this procedure, and in its present format this report does not include any data on the utilization of the "side step" procedure.

On March 27, 2002 the FAA suspended implementation of a charted "side step" procedure because of flight safety concerns. Presently the FAA is clearing jets and large turboprop aircraft for straight-in approaches to Runway 25L from the east.

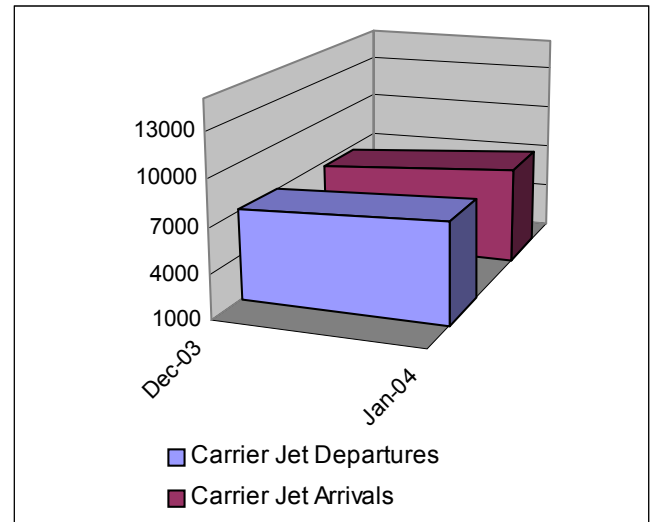
c) Departure Split (Equalization)

This procedure attempts to disperse evenly on an annual basis the noise impact of departing eastbound and westbound aircraft between Tempe and Phoenix during day and nighttime hours.

2. Aircraft Operations

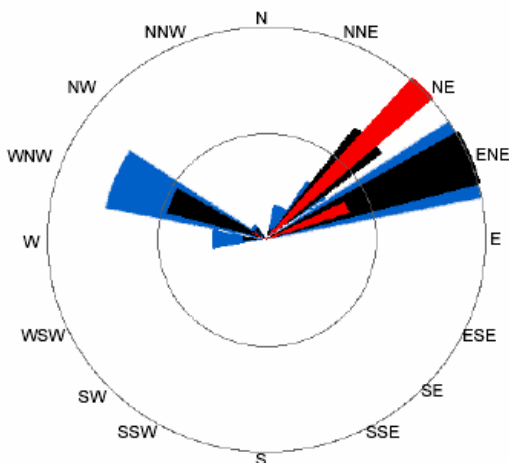
Carrier Aircraft

The number of large carrier jets departing to the east during the month of January 2004 increased 9.1% compared to December 2003. Carrier arrival operations from the east towards the west increased 13.9% compared to last month.

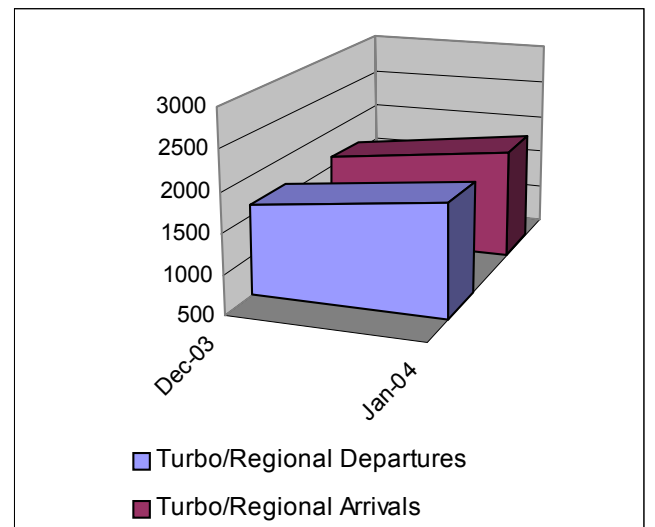


Regional Jets & Large Turboprop Aircraft

Regional jets and large turboprop departures towards the east increased by 15.8% compared to operations in December 2003. The number of regional jets and large turboprop aircraft arriving from the east increased 17.5% compared to December 2003.



For each of the sectors the outermost (blue) wedges show the wind frequency distribution. The middle (black) wedges show the distribution of the product of the two columns, i.e. the wind speeds times their frequency. The innermost (red) wedges show the distribution of the wind speeds cubed (i.e. the energies) multiplied by their frequencies.

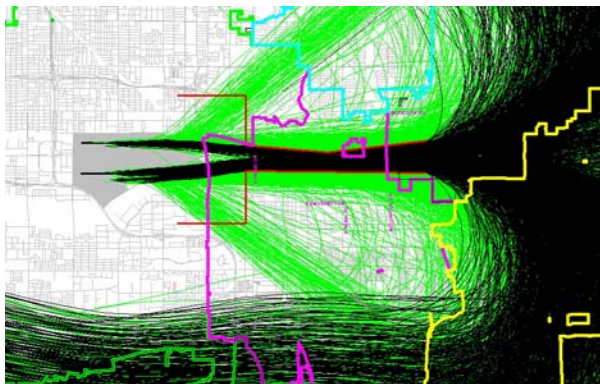


Moderate winds mainly from the northeast and northwest, up to 9.9 knots.

3. Departure Compliance

Compliance Rates

Including the large turboprop aircraft, which routinely are routed on approximate departure angles of 120° towards the southeast and 60° towards the northeast, **49.9%** of all jet and larger turboprop aircraft departures to the east complied with the Tempe Corridor during the month of January 2004. 96.7% of the jets complied with the Phoenix 4 DME gate. Departures by large turboprop aircraft are not included in the Phoenix gate compliance rate.

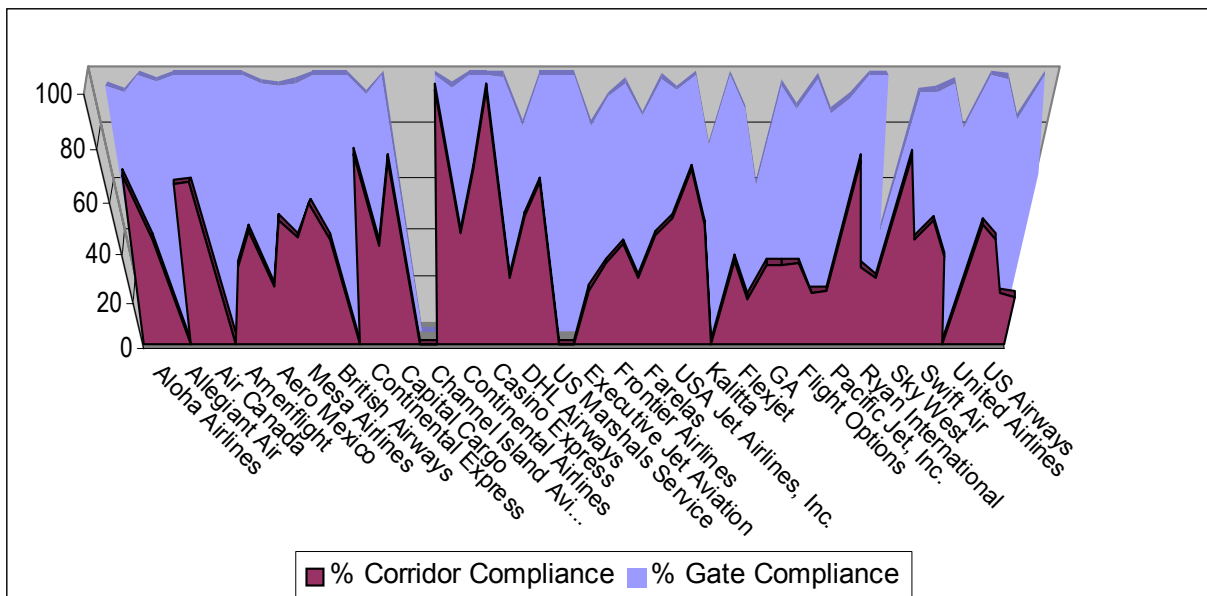


Flight tracks outside the Tempe Corridor are depicted in green.



Flight tracks inside the Phoenix Gate are depicted in blue.

Carrier	ICAO Code	%	Carrier	ICAO Code	%	Carrier	ICAO Code	%
Aloha	AAH	69.2	Sunwest Home Aviation	CNK	100.0	Flexjet	LXJ	20.0
American	AAL	44.7	Continental	COA	46.9	Midwest Express	MEP	34.5
Allegiant Air	AAY	0.0	Comair	COM	71.4	GA	N	34.2
Airborne Express	ABX	65.9	Casino Express	CXP	100.0	Northwest	NWA	34.6
Air Canada	ACA	66.7	Delta	DAL	28.6	Flight Options	OPT	22.6
Ameristar Jet Charter	AJI	0.0	DHL Airways	DHL	53.6	Piedmont Aviation Services	PCE	23.1
Ameriflight	AMF	33.3	Lufthansa	DLH	66.7	Pacific Jet, Inc.	PCJ	75.0
American Trans Air	AMT	48.2	US Marshals Service	DOJ	0.0	Air Mobility Command	RCH	33.3
Aero Mexico	AMX	25.0	Evergreen International	EIA	0.0	Ryan International	RYN	28.6
Alaska	ASA	52.2	Executive Jet Aviation	EJA	23.5	Sun Country	SCX	76.5
Mesa	ASH	45.0	Federal Express	FDX	34.9	Sky West	SKW	44.2
America West	AWE	58.5	Frontier	FFT	42.7	Southwest	SWA	51.8
British Airways	BAW	44.4	Citation Chares	FIV	28.6	Swift Air	SWQ	37.5
Miami Air International	BSK	0.0	Farelas	FRL	46.1	TAG Aviation	TAG	0.0
Continental Express	BTA	77.3	Hawaiian	HAL	52.6	United	UAL	50.8
Atlantic Southeast	CAA	42.2	USA Jet	JUS	71.4	UPS	UPS	44.4
Capital Cargo International	CCI	75.0	Kaiser Air	KAI	50.0	US Airways	USA	22.1
Champion Air	CCP	0.0	Kalitta	KFS	0.0	US Check	USC	20.9
Champion Air	CCP	0.0	Kitty Hawk Air Cargo	KHA	36.0	Vegas Heat	VHT	0.0

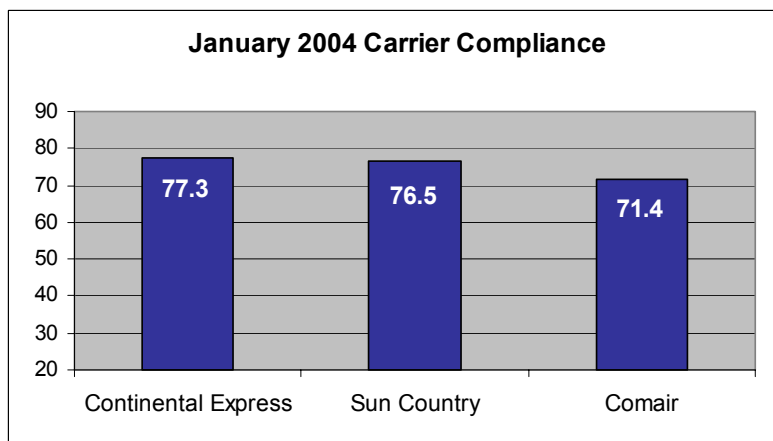
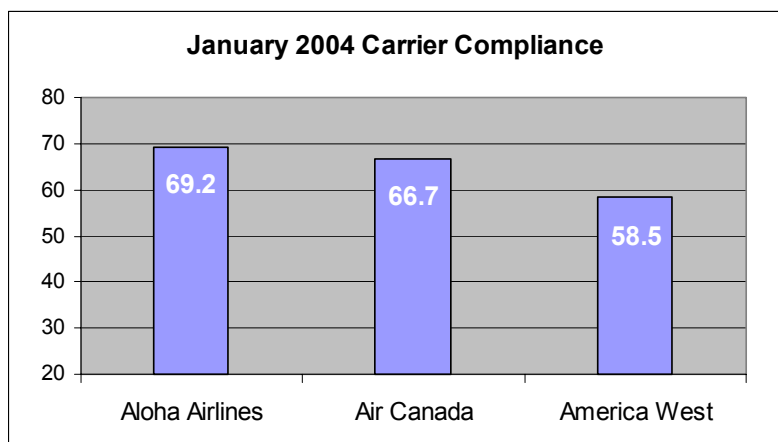


Departures excluded³:

1/5/2004	9:28 - 9:54 AM	1/13/2004	2:48 - 3:18 PM	1/18/2004	12:21 - 12:50 PM
1/9/2004	1:09 - 1:44 PM	1/13/2004	7:59 - 9:53 PM	1/19/2004	11:15 AM - 12:03PM
1/9/2004	5:16 - 5:48 PM	1/14/2004	4:18 - 5:02 PM	1/21/2004	4:31 - 8:01 PM
1/9/2004	8:50 - 9:50 PM	1/14/2004	7:21 - 8:44 PM	1/22/2004	4:31 - 4:56 PM

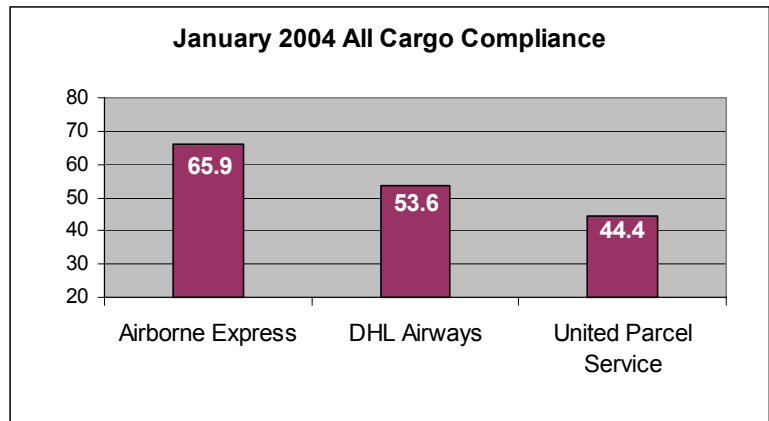
Top Airlines

Among the carriers with over 10 departures to the east during the month of January 2004, 2 had more than 65% of their aircraft stay within the Tempe Corridor. This is down from last month when 3 airlines had more than 65% of their aircraft comply with the Tempe Corridor.



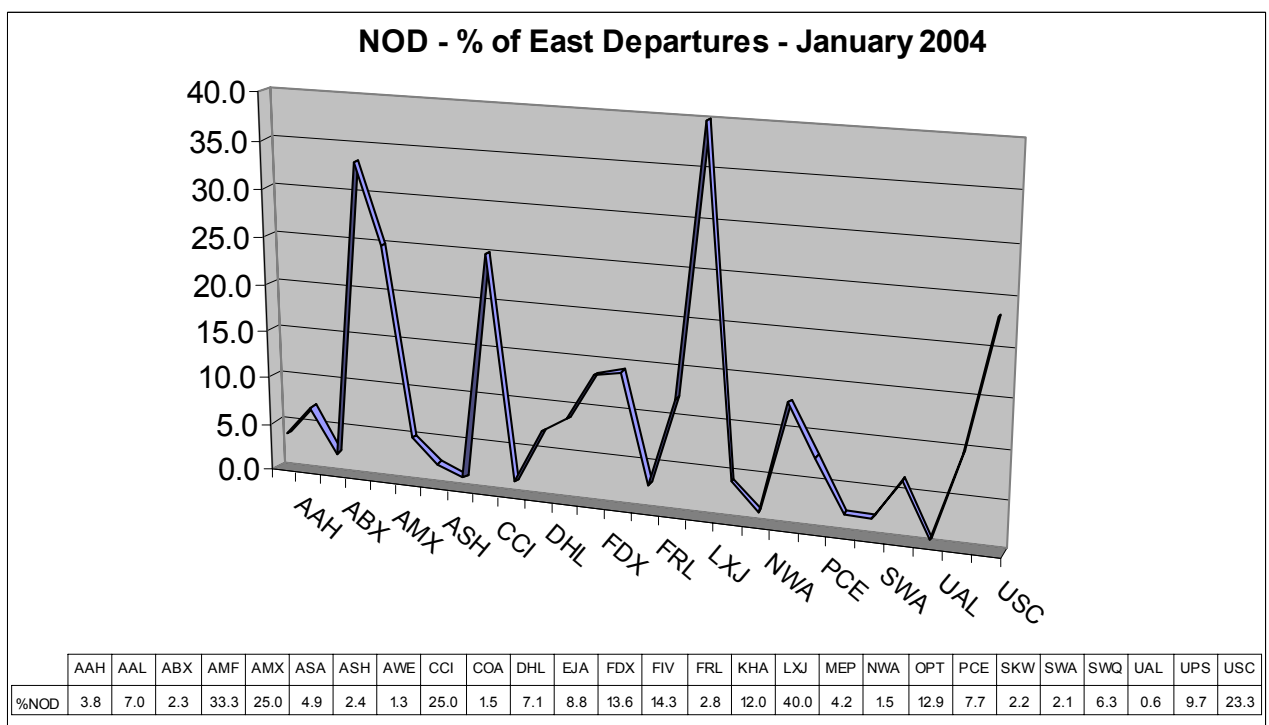
³ Based on Phoenix evaluations of weather influencing navigation east to 4DME

The compliance rate for the top cargo airline improved compared to last month when FedEx was the best performing airline with 55% of their aircraft in compliance with the Tempe Corridor.



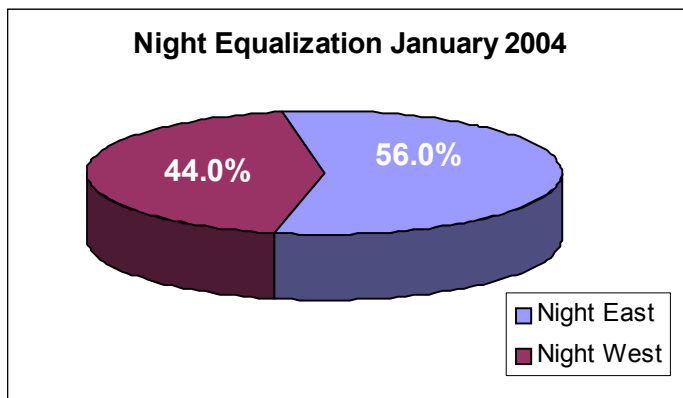
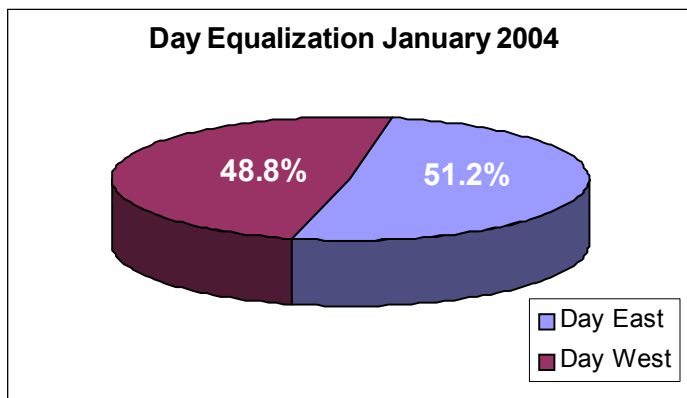
Notice of Deviation

The City of Phoenix issues Notice of Deviation (NOD) to airlines, which jets fail to comply with the 4DME Gate. Among the airlines with at least 5 departures to the east during the month of January, 2004, Flexjet, Aero Mexico, and U.S. Check Airlines received the most notices relative to the number of east departures registered for each airline during the month.



4. East/West Departure Split

The split in carrier jet and large commuter aircraft departures to the east and west of the Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport is generally not as favorable for Tempe during the nighttime hours compared to daytime hours. In January 2004 56.0% went east during nighttime and 51.2 % went east during daytime.

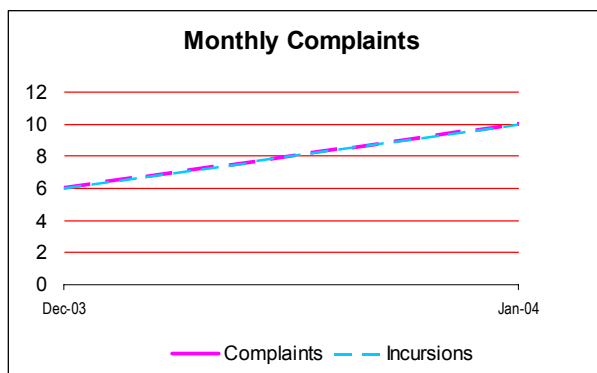


Day and nighttime departures are generated by a query covering day + evening hours and nighttime hours. Day = 7: 00 a.m. to 9:59:59 p.m. local time and Night = 9:59:59 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.

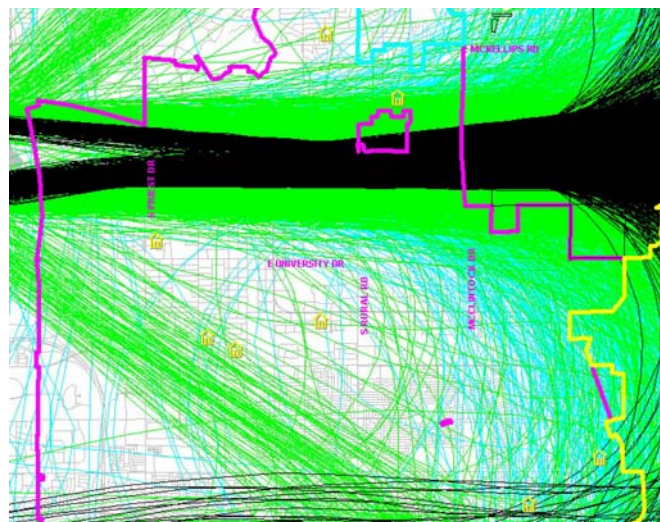
5. Complaints

The City of Tempe started registering aircraft noise complaints from Tempe residents in October 2000 after the opening of the third runway at Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport.

During January 2004, 8 residents filed 10 aircraft noise complaints with the City of Tempe. 10 flights were identified as disturbing by being very noisy or off course. This includes reports of excessive noise from military fighter planes and a news helicopter.



Month	Complaints	Incursions	Residents
Dec-03	6	6	4
	10	10	



Green flight tracks = Departures outside the Tempe Corridor
 Black flight tracks = Departures inside the Tempe Corridor
 Blue flight tracks = Arrivals
 Addresses of residents that complained =